Coursebook

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Business Partner





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Introduction for learners

Why ... Business Partner?

Our research talking to teachers and learners proved a few very obvious points.

- 1 People study business English in order to communicate more effectively in their workplace or to find a job in an international environment.
- **2** To achieve these goals, you need to improve your knowledge of English language as it is used in the workplace, but also develop key skills for the international workplace.
- **3** People studying business English have different priorities and amounts of study time. You therefore need a flexible course which you can adapt to suit your needs.

Business Partner has been developed to meet these needs by offering a flexible course, focused on delivering a balance of language and skills training that you can immediately use to improve your performance in your workplace, studies or job search.

Why ... skills training?

Language is only one aspect of successful communication. Effective communication also requires an understanding of different business situations and an awareness of different communication styles, especially when working across cultures.

In *Business Partner* we refer to 'Communication skills' and 'Business skills'. Every unit has a lesson on these two areas.

- 'Communication skills' (Lesson 3) means the soft skills you need to work effectively with people whose personality and culture may be different from your own. These include building rapport, responding to consumer concerns or dealing with interruptions.
- 'Business skills' (Lesson 4) means the practical skills you need in different business situations, such as skills for taking part in meetings, presentations and negotiations.

Why ... authentic content?

In order to reflect the real world as closely as possible, *Business Partner* content is based on authentic videos and articles from leading media organisations such as the BBC and the *Financial Times*. These offer a wealth of international business information as well as real examples of British, U.S. and non-native-speaker English.

Why ... video content?

We all use video more and more to communicate and to find out about the world. This is reflected in *Business Partner*, which has two videos in every unit:

- an authentic video package in Lesson 1, based on real-life video clips and interviews suitable for your level of English.
- a dramatised communication skills video in Lesson 3 (see p.6 for more information).

Why ... flexible content?

This course has been developed so that you can adapt it to your own needs. Each unit and lesson works independently, so you can focus on the topics, lessons or skills which are most relevant to you and skip those which don't feel relevant to your needs right now.

You can then use the extra activities and additional materials in MyEnglishLab to work in more depth on the aspects that are important to you.



What's in the units?

Lesson outcome and self-assessment

Each lesson starts with a lesson outcome and ends with a short Self-assessment section. The aim is to encourage you to think about the progress that you have made in relation to the lesson outcome. More detailed self-assessment tasks and suggestions for extra practice are available in MyEnglishLab.

Vocabulary

The main topic vocabulary set is presented and practised in Lesson 1 of each unit, building on vocabulary from the authentic video. You will get lots of opportunities to use the vocabulary in discussions and group tasks.

Functional language

Functional language (such as giving advice, summarising, dealing with objections) gives you the capability to operate in real workplace situations in English. Three functional language sets are presented and practised in every unit: in Lessons 3, 4 and 5. You will practise the language in group speaking and writing tasks.



In MyEnglishLab you will also find a Functional language bank so that you can quickly refer to lists of useful language when preparing for a business situation, such as a meeting, presentation or interview.

Grammar

The approach to grammar is flexible depending on whether you want to devote a significant amount of time to grammar or to focus on the consolidation of grammar only when you need to.

- There is one main grammar point in each unit, presented and practised in Lesson 2.
- There is a link from Lesson 5 to an optional second grammar point in MyEnglishLab with short video presentations and interactive practice.

Both grammar points are supported by the Grammar reference section at the back of the coursebook (p.118). This provides a summary of meaning and form, with notes on usage or exceptions, and business English examples.

Listening and video

The course offers a wide variety of listening activities (based on both video and audio recordings) to help you develop your comprehension skills and to hear target language in context. All of the video and audio material is available in MyEnglishLab and includes a range of British, U.S. and non-native-speaker English. Lessons 1 and 3 are based on video (as described above). In four of the eight units, Lesson 2 is based on audio. In all units, you also work with significant audio recordings in Lesson 4 and the Business workshop.

Reading

You will read authentic texts and articles from a variety of sources, particularly the *Financial Times*. Every unit has a main reading text with comprehension tasks. This appears either in Lesson 2 or in the Business workshop.



In MyEnglishLab, you will also find a Reading bank which offers a longer reading text for every unit with comprehension activities.

Speaking

Collaborative speaking tasks appear at the end of Lessons 1, 3, 4 and the Business workshop in every unit. These tasks encourage you to use the target language and, where relevant, the target skill of the lesson. There are lots of opportunities to personalise these tasks to suit your own situation.

Writing

- Lesson 5 in every unit provides a model text and practice in a business writing skill.
 The course covers a wide range of genres such as reports, proposals, note-taking and emails, and for different purposes, including formal and informal communication, summarising, invitations, replies and project updates.
- There are also short writing tasks in Lesson 2 which provide controlled practice of the target grammar.



In MyEnglishLab, you will find a Writing bank which provides models of different types of business writing and useful phrases appropriate to your level of English.

Pronunciation

Two pronunciation points are presented and practised in every unit. Pronunciation points are linked to the content of the unit – usually to a video/audio presentation or to a grammar point. The pronunciation presentations and activities are at the back of the coursebook (p.112), with signposts from the relevant lessons. This section also includes an introduction to pronunciation with British and U.S. phonetic charts.

Reviews

There is a one-page review for each unit at the back of the coursebook (p.104). The review recycles and revises the key vocabulary, grammar and functional language presented in the unit.

Signposts, cross-references and MyEnglishLab

Signposts for teachers in each lesson indicate that there are extra activities in MyEnglishLab which can be printed or displayed on-screen. These activities can be used to extend a lesson or to focus in more depth on a particular section.

Signposts for learners indicate that there are additional interactive activities in MyEnglishLab.



Cross-references refer to the Pronunciation bank and Grammar reference pages.

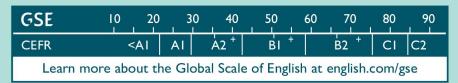
MyEnglishLab

Access to MyEnglishLab is given through a code printed on the inside front cover of this book. Depending on the version of the course that you are using, you will have access to one of the following options:

Digital Resources powered by MyEnglishLab including:
downloadable coursebook
resources, all video clips, all audio
recordings, Lesson 3 additional
interactive video activities, Lesson
5 interactive grammar presentation
and practice, Reading bank,
Functional language bank, Writing
bank and My Self-assessment.

Full content of MyEnglishLab: all of the above plus the full selfstudy interactive workbook with automatic gradebook. Teachers can assign workbook activities as homework.

The **Global Scale of English (GSE)** is a standardised, granular scale from 10 to 90 which measures English language proficiency. The GSE Learning Objectives for Professional English are aligned with the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR). Unlike the CEFR, which describes proficiency in terms of broad levels, the Global Scale of English identifies what a learner can do at each point on a more granular scale — and within a CEFR level. The scale is designed to motivate learners by demonstrating incremental progress in their language ability. The Global Scale of English forms the backbone for Pearson English course material and assessment.



Career choices



Unit overview

1.1 Transferable skills

Lesson outcome: Learners can use vocabulary related to skills and personal qualities.

1.2 Careers advice

Lesson outcome: Learners can use a range of phrases for giving advice and making suggestions.

1.3 Communication skills: Building rapport

Lesson outcome: Learners are aware of simple ways to build rapport at first meetings and can use a range of appropriate questions.

1.4 Business skills: Networking

Lesson outcome: Learners can use a range of expressions to start, close and show interest in simple, face-to-face conversations on familiar topics.

1.5 Writing: Emails - Introducing yourself

Lesson outcome: Learners can write an email introducing themselves to work colleagues.

Video: Transferable skills
Vocabulary: Transferable skills
Project: Writing a job description

Listening: Careers advice programme **Grammar:** Advice and suggestions

Speaking: Advising how to improve an online profile

Video: Building rapport

Functional language: Asking questions to build rapport **Task:** Building rapport during a short conversation

Listening: Advice on networking

Functional language: Networking at a careers event **Task:** Meeting a recruiter at a careers event

Model text: Email introducing yourself

Functional language: Formal and informal language

Grammar: Adverbs of degree **Task:** Write an introduction email

Business workshop 1: p.88 | **Review 1:** p.104 | **Pronunciation:** 1.1 Word stress 1.2 Voice range p.114 | **Grammar reference:** p.118



Lesson outcome

Learners can use vocabulary related to skills and personal qualities.



Life skills are abilities that are useful in daily tasks at home, work or in education.

Tick (✓) the three words or phrases that best describe you.

calm good with computers good with numbers good with people good at problem-solving organised reliable resourceful

- Work in pairs and compare your answers. Then discuss these questions.
- 1 Is there an expression in Exercise 1 that definitely *doesn't* describe you?
- 2 Which is a) the most important b) the least important life skill in the box? Why?

VIDEO

3A Work in pairs or groups. Discuss the question.

According to the video you're going to watch, employers want skills that can be applied to a range of tasks and roles. What skills do you think this means? Give examples.

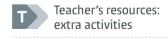


4A Watch the video again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What skills and personal qualities do the speakers talk about? Add them to the list of skills you discussed in Exercise 3.
- 2 What five ways of communicating are mentioned in the video? In person, ...
- **3** What are the three main pieces of advice the video gives?
- **B** Work in pairs and compare your answers. Then think of two or three words to describe unsuccessful twenty-first-century workers.

5 Work in pairs or groups. Discuss these questions.

- 1 Choose one of the transferable skills or personal qualities you listed in Exercise 4A. Think of at least two different situations where it might be useful.
- 2 Which transferable skills are the most important in your current situation, either as a student or a professional? Are there any that aren't important?



Vocabulary

Transferable skills

What do these words and phrases from the video mean? Match them with the best situation (a-h).

You ...

- 1 can think outside the box.
- 2 have a can-do attitude.
- 3 can set goals.
- 4 use critical thinking.

You ...

- a decided to save money for a holiday a year in the future.
- **b** did a difficult project without complaining.
- **c** carefully checked information you found on the internet to make sure it was true.
- asked your teacher if you could make a short film instead of handing in an essay.

- e found a wallet with a lot of money in it and returned it to the owner.
- **f** took four tries to pass your driving test, but never gave up, and kept studying and practising.
- g worked with a group of friends to start a weekend cycling club.
- **h** spoke clearly when you gave a presentation and really listened to questions from the audience.



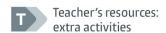
- 5 have a lot of **determination**.
- are a team player.
- 7 have integrity.
- have good communication skills.

7 Complete the tables with the correct words.

Adjective	Noun
11	adaptability
flexible	22
3	motivation
confident	4
5	dependability
resourceful	6

Adjective	Noun
7	_ independence
ambitious	8
9	_ passion
enthusiastic	10
11	honesty
authentic	12

- 8 Work in pairs or small groups.
- 1 Think of three or four more transferable skills. Use your dictionary if necessary.
- 2 For each skill, think of a way that a student could develop or demonstrate the skill.
- page 114 See Pronunciation bank: Word stress



PROJECT: Writing a job description

9 Look at the jobs below. Discuss how some of the transferable skills from Exercises 6 and 7 are necessary for each job.

accountant construction worker factory worker journalist personal trainer politician professional athlete salesperson teacher

- 10A Work in pairs. Think of a job: one from Exercise 9, one you know about or one you would like to do.
 - Write down the name of the job, e.g. personal trainer, accountant, salesperson, etc.
 - List 3–5 things the person needs to do, e.g. lead classes, take care of company money, meet customers, etc.

• Identify skills that the person needs to have to take care of the responsibilities you've listed. Use skills from Exercises 6 and 7, or your own ideas.

- **B** Write a job description based on your research.
- Work with another pair and read each other's job description.
 Does your partner's description:
- list 3–5 things the person needs to do?
- identify skills that the person needs to have to take care of the responsibilities you've listed?
- Circle any skills or personal qualities that you think have been used incorrectly. Would you like to apply for the job? Why / Why not?



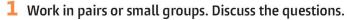
- How successfully have you achieved the lesson outcome? Give yourself a score from 0 (I need more practice) to 5 (I know this well).
- Go to My Self-assessment in MyEnglishLab to reflect on what you have learnt.

Careers advice

Lesson outcome

Learners can use a range of phrases for giving advice and making suggestions.

Lead-in



- 1 Can you name three or four different social media platforms?
- 2 What role does social media play in finding a new job?
- 3 What information does an online profile on a professional networking site usually have?
- 4 Is there anything you should avoid putting in an online profile? What? Why?



- who gave it to you.
- what he/she said.
- if the advice was useful in any way.

Listening

3 Work in pairs or small groups. Read the situation and answer the questions.

A recent graduate has phoned a careers advice programme to ask how he can make his online profile more noticeable to employers.

- 1 What advice do you think he gets? 2 What advice would you give?
- 4 1.01 Listen to the programme. Were any of your ideas from Exercise 3 mentioned? What advice did the host give?
- 5 Listen to the programme again. Decide if these sentences are *true* (T) or *false* (F).
- 1 The caller has recently had a job interview.
- 2 He doesn't know how to make contacts in his industry.
- 3 The host doesn't recommend using professional networking sites.
- 4 The caller wants advice about how to improve his online profile.
- **5** The host asks the caller for specific examples that show his qualities.
- **6** The caller has experience in web design.
- **7** He has experience as an outdoor skills instructor.
- 8 He liked the host's advice.
- 6 How could you follow the host's advice? What activities do you do that show transferable skills?

I enjoy repairing my car. That show's that I'm good with my hands.



Grammar Advice and suggestions

7A Complete the sentences from the programme using the words and phrases in the box.

	could	How	ought	should	Why don't you	Why not try	
1 2	from you	ta	ke your (descriptio	g you've written a on of yourself a hows who you are	nd for each wor	d, think of an example
3		ab	out telli	ng me ab	oout something c	reative that you	've done?
4	You really a website			put that	on your social me	edia profile – you	u designed and built
5	You		_ consid	ler puttin	ig something abo	ut that on your	profile.
6	You		_ to thir	nk outsid	e the box.		

B What three different verb forms are used after the expressions of advice or suggestion?



C Choose the correct option in italics to complete the sentences.

- 1 Why don't you send / to send an email to some companies?
- **2** How about *to set up / setting up* your own website?
- **3** You should to research / research the companies you're interested in.
- **4** Why not try *make / making* a video for YouTube?
- **5** You ought *to spend / spending* some time improving your online profile.
- **6** You could *think / to think* about meeting some people who work in the industry.
- **7** What about asking / to ask your teacher for some help?
- page 118 See Grammar reference: Advice and suggestions

8 Correct the errors in these sentences.

- 1 You shouldn't to use words that explain the obvious like hard-working.
- 2 Why don't you trying giving more details about your IT skills?
- **3** Should you show your transferable skills rather than explaining them.
- **4** What about join some online groups to make more contacts?
- **5** Why not to try writing a blog about your experience?
- 6 You could doing some volunteer work, then add it to your profile.
- 7 How about to include more information about your hobbies?
- **8** You ought give some information about the languages you speak.

Listening

Teacher's resources:

extra activities

9 1.02 Listen to the second programme. Answer the questions.

- 1 Was the expert's advice in the first programme useful or not? How do we know?
- 2 What problem does the caller have now?

10A Match the halves of the host's questions. Then listen again and check.

- 1 What can I a v
- **2** Can you remind me –
- **3** Why don't you tell me
- **4** You're a recent graduate,
- **5** And you're single –
- **6** Why not try asking yourself
- **a** what was your problem?
- **b** right?
- c help you with today?
- **d** no kids?
- e which is more important: money or excitement?

e Yep, that's me.

f Yes, that's right.

f about the two jobs?

B Match the answers with questions 1–6 in Exercise 10A. Listen again and check.

- **a** One looks very interesting, but not very well paid. The other is probably a bit boring, but the money is good.
- **b** We spoke a few weeks ago ... and I still have a problem.
- c That's the problem, Jenny I really can't decide!
- **d** My professional networking profile it wasn't working.

11A At the end of the recording, Jenny says Let me ask you a few more questions. Work in pairs and think of 3-5 more questions that Jenny might ask the caller.

- B Work in pairs. Act out a continuation of the dialogue. Then present your dialogue to another group and compare ideas.
- page 114 See Pronunciation bank: Voice range

Speaking 12 Read the online profile and other information on page 126. With a partner, give advice to the person who wrote the profile, so he/she can improve it.

- 13A You are going to roleplay helping a friend set up a profile on a professional networking website. Student A: Turn to page 126. Student B: Turn to page 128.
 - B When you have finished, change partners and do the roleplay one more time.
 - How successfully have you achieved the lesson outcome? Give yourself a score from 0 (I need more practice) to 5 (I know this well).
 - Go to My Self-assessment in MyEnglishLab to reflect on what you have learnt.

COMMUNICATION SKILLS Building rapport

Lesson outcome

Learners are aware of simple ways to build rapport at first meetings and can use a range of appropriate questions.

Lead-in 1A Read the definition of building rapport. Discuss how you can build rapport with someone you meet for the first time.

Building rapport is about developing a shared understanding with another person or group of people that facilitates and improves communication.

B In small groups, think of two examples of spoken and non-verbal (body language) techniques for building rapport with new colleagues or students in your class. spoken: asking questions, non-verbal: lean forward slightly (if sitting)

VIDEO



Go to MyEnglishLab for extra video activities.

2 1.3.1 Watch the video as Daniel and Alex prepare for the graduate trainees' induction meeting and answer the questions.

- 1 How does Daniel describe Beata?
- 2 What is Jessica looking for in an employee?
- **3** What do we learn about Alex?
- **4** What does Alex do to try to build rapport with Beata?
- In small groups, discuss which is the best approach (Option A or B) for Beata to take as she meets members of the team for the first time. As a class, decide which video to watch first.

Option A - Beata tries to build rapport by listening to her new colleagues.

Option B – Beata tries to build rapport by demonstrating her knowledge of the product and the company.

- **B** Watch the videos in the sequence the class has decided and answer the same questions for each video.
- Option A 1.3.2
- Option B 1.3.3
- 1 How does Beata try to build rapport with Alex/Jessica?
- 2 Is she successful? Why / Why not?
- **3** What will be the long-term effect of this?
- 4 In pairs, discuss what you have learnt from the two options about building rapport.
- 5 1.3.4 Watch the Conclusions section of the video and compare what the speaker says with your answers in Exercise 4. Note down the main learning points about building rapport.

Reflection

- 6 Reflect on how you build rapport when you meet someone for the first time. Then work in pairs and discuss these questions.
- 1 Which of the verbal techniques mentioned in Exercise 1B do you use in your language?
- **2** Which of the non-verbal techniques do you use?
- 3 Which of the techniques you have seen would you like to learn or start using? Which do you consider especially useful?









language

Functional Asking questions to build rapport

7A Complete this extract from the conversation between Alex and Beata using the phrases in the box.

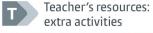
One way of building rapport is to try to find something in common with the other person, then use follow-up questions to continue building rapport.

doy	ou know how	long what	did you (x 2)	when were	where exactly
Alex:	I hear you lived	d in Tokyo. ¹_		did you	live?
Beata:	Suidobashi. 2_		it?		
Alex:	Ah, yes, near tl				a while. Loved it
Beata:	Five years. 4		you in ⁻	Tokyo?	
Alex:	2013 to 2015.	About eighte	en months.		
Beata:	5	do th	ere?		
Alex:	Teaching Engli	sh, mainly.			
Beata:	Teaching. Inter	esting. 6		like best a	bout it?
Alex:	Mainly the foo	d!			
Match	a question fro	m Exercise	7A to each o	category, to a	sk about:
duratio	n b likes	c location	d timing	e purpose	
Match	the questions	to the cate	gories in Ex	ercise 7B.	
Which	places did you v	isit?	5 W	hat were you	doing there?
What d	id you like abou	ıt it?	6 Di	d you stay lon	g?
How lo	ng did you stay			hat did you an	d your partner do
So whe	n did you go to	Berlin?	W	hile you were	there?

8A Work in pairs and read the scenario below. Student A: Read the information on page 126. Student B: Read the information on page 128. Note down questions you can ask to build rapport with your partner.

You attend a networking/birthday party and you start chatting to another colleague/guest. You introduce yourself. As you chat, you realise you have both been to Barcelona.

B Practise asking and answering the questions you noted down in Exercise 8A.



- 9A Work in small groups. Choose one of the situations below to practise building rapport.
 - 1 Your experience of learning English, in your home town or abroad.
 - 2 A meeting, conference or other event that you attended at your place of work or study.
 - **3** A city or country you have visited or lived in.
 - 4 Your last holiday.
 - **B** Have a conversation for about two minutes and try to build rapport. Before you start, think about:
 - questions you can ask to find out about your partner's experience (location, duration, timing, purpose, likes).
 - your own experience and the information you will need to answer your partner's questions.
 - C At the end, tell the class what you learnt about the members of your group. How successful were you at building rapport?
 - In your groups, discuss which questions you used to build rapport and what you found difficult.



- Self-assessment
- How successfully have you achieved the lesson outcome? Give yourself a score from 0 (I need more practice) to 5 (I know this well).
- Go to My Self-assessment in MyEnglishLab to reflect on what you have learnt.

1.4

BUSINESS SKILLS Networking

Lesson outcome

Learners can use a range of expressions to start, close and show interest in simple, face-to-face conversations on familiar topics.



Lead-in 1A In pairs, discuss these questions.

- 1 Why do people attend careers events?
- 2 What are employers looking for at a careers event?
- **3** Have you ever attended a careers event? What was your experience?
- B Work in pairs. Look at these tips on how to prepare for a careers event. Choose the three most important tips for you. Explain your choices to another pair.
- 1 Look at the list of attending companies and target those that interest you most.
- **2** Update your CV and bring several copies.
- **3** Take a file to collect business cards and brochures.
- **4** Research your target employers and prepare a list of questions you want to ask.
- **5** Write an online profile.
- **6** Prepare a short, professional introduction (your experience, strengths, career interests and goals).
- 7 Dress professionally, as if you were going to an interview.
- **8** Arrive early, and plan extra time for locating your target employers.

Listening 2A 1.03 Listen and complete the advice on networking at a careers event.

1	Before the event	Research,
2	On the day of the event	Dress professionally,
3	After the event	Email,

- **B** In small groups, discuss what you think of the advice the recruiter gave.
- 3A 1.04 Ella and Jamie are attending a careers event. They both speak to Ben, a recruiter from a large specialised travel agency. Listen to the two conversations. Who was better prepared, Ella or Jamie?
 - **B** Listen again and answer the questions.
 - 1 How did Ella prepare for the careers event?
 - **2** What relevant skills and qualifications can Ella offer the company?
 - **3** What was the outcome of the conversation with Ben for Ella?
 - **4** What relevant skills can Jamie offer the company?
 - **5** How did Jamie prepare for the careers event?
 - **6** What was the outcome of the conversation with Ben for Jamie?
 - 7 How could Ella and Jamie have been better prepared?
 - C Work in pairs and discuss the questions.
 - 1 How easy or difficult would it be for you to network at a careers event?
 - 2 What could you do to prepare for this type of event?



Functional language

Functional Networking at a careers event

4A Complete the questions and phrases from the two conversations in Exercise 3 with the words and phrases in the box. Then listen again to check your answers.

ask you a few questions been nice talking could I just ask for your time how are you in charge of in touch with really see tell me more sounds

1 Can you put me the person your marketing	projects?
---	-----------

2 Can you _____ about that?

3 I'd like to ______, if possible.

4 Good morning. ______ enjoying the fair?

5 It's ______ to you.

6 That ______ interesting.

7 I ______, wonderful.

8 Sorry, ______ you a few questions about Travelogue?

9 Thank you ______, Ben. I really appreciate it.

10 Oh, _____?

B Put the phrases from Exercise 4A into the correct category in the table below.

Starting a conversation	Showing interest	Closing a conversation

- C Here are more phrases that you might use during a conversation. Put them into the correct category in the table above.
- **1** That's interesting.
- **2** Do you have a few minutes to explain ...?
- **3** I really appreciate your time, thank you.
- **4** Could I give you a call next week to discuss this in more detail?
- 5 Uh-huh.
- 6 Right.
- 7 Can I talk to you for a minute?

Teacher's resources: extra activities

Work in groups of three. Roleplay a meeting at a careers event between a recruiter for a web design company, Your World, and a candidate for a job. There are three candidate profiles: each person will take the roles of recruiter, candidate

and observer once. Student A (recruiter): Read the information about Your World on page 126.

Student B (candidate): Choose one of the candidates on page 128 and read his/her online profile.

Student C (observer): Look at your instructions on page 130.

- B Take a few minutes to prepare, then roleplay your meetings. Remember to show interest and close the conversation when appropriate.
- When you have finished, listen to the observer's feedback. Discuss how easy or difficult it is to participate in a conversation with someone you have just met. Share your group's ideas with the class.



- How successfully have you achieved the lesson outcome? Give yourself a score from 0 (I need more practice) to 5 (I know this well).
- Go to My Self-assessment in MyEnglishLab to reflect on what you have learnt.

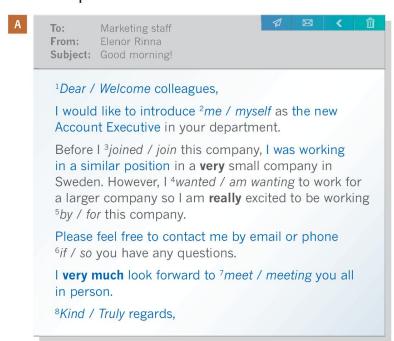
Emails - Introducing yourself

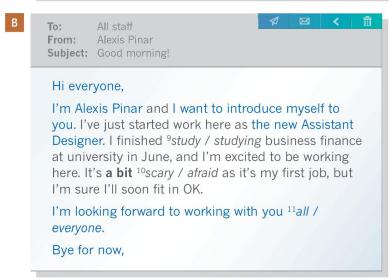
Lesson outcome

Learners can write an email introducing themselves to work colleagues.

Lead-in

Read the two emails below and choose the correct options in italics.





B Which of these emails do you think is more formal?

Functional language

2A Look at the emails again. Put the phrases in blue from Exercise 1 into the correct place in this table.

	More formal	Less formal
Greeting		
Opening		
New job		
Previous job		
Invitation		
Closing		
Sign off		

B Write these words and phrases in the correct place in the table above. Some phrases may be used in both formal and informal emails.

Best wishes, Good morning Helen, I have been appointed as the new Marketing Manager I hope to meet you all soon I'm sending this email to introduce myself I've just got the job of IT Supervisor I was a Store Manager before My previous job was as Customer Services Manager Perhaps we can meet up over lunch today. Yours,

Teacher's resources: extra activities



The email contains examples of adverbs of degree. Go to MyEnglishLab for optional grammar work.

page 118 See Grammar reference: Adverbs of degree



- 3A Work in pairs. Turn to page 126 and read an email from a new HR Manager to all company staff. Discuss whether the email needs to be formal or informal and how you could improve it.
 - B You are the new HR Manager. Write your own introduction email in around 80 words.
 - Exchange emails with your partner. Did you both write formal or informal emails? How many phrases from the functional language section did your partner use? What did you like about your partner's email?
 - How successfully have you achieved the lesson outcome? Give yourself a score from 0 (I need more practice) to 5 (I know this well).
 - Go to My Self-assessment in MyEnglishLab to reflect on what you have learnt.